

#### **Unit Purpose**

The unit of work will challenge pupils to respond to different stimuli, being able to add drama and **emotion** to the dance

Pupils will create a performance which will include; **stage presence**, **timing**, **rhythm** and sustaining **character**.

#### Inspire Me

**Did you know...** Death Valley (USA) holds the record for the hottest temperature ever recorded on Earth, which is 56.7 degrees. The lowest temperature ever recorded on Earth is –89.2 °C in Antarctica.



## **Key Success Criteria**

- P Pupils will ensure that their movements are big and clear, they will perform with expression and emotion as they tell a story.
- **c** Pupils will understand what makes an 'excellent dance'. Pupils will apply creativity as they try a range of movement options.
- **S** Pupils will apply life skills such as cooperation and encouragement as they work successfully with their partner to execute their sequences in unison.
- **w** Pupils will strive to ensure their sequences are performed precisely and accurately showing self motivation to want to improve.



# **66** Vocabulary for Learning

**Excellent Dancers:** Excellent dancers interpret the music, perform with good timing and musicality, show expression and creativity and are able to choreograph.

**Expression**: refers to the actions a dancer uses to make their characters thoughts or feelings known.

**Creativity**: refers to pupils using their imagination or original ideas when performing their dance actions.

**Emotion**: refers to the feelings a dancer's character is feeling depending on their circumstances, mood, or relationships with others.



#### **Sport Specific Vocabulary**

**Rhythm**: is a repeated pattern of movements or sounds.

**Timing**: in dance, timing refers to moving to the beat of the music.

**Stage presence:** is the ability of a dancer to capture and command the attention of an audience's attention.

**Motif**: is a series of movements that are repeated.





# **Physical Education**Orienteering Year 3

#### **Unit Purpose**

The unit of work will **explore** how to to **orientate** a map, locate points on the map, then travel to them and record what they find.

Pupils will learn how to **collaborate** with others and work as a team to complete the **challenges**.

#### Inspire Me

**Did you know...** that the first international governing body for orienteering was the International Orienteering Federation, formed by eleven nations in 1961. The first world championships were held in 1966.



## **Key Success Criteria**

- P Pupils will develop their ability to orientate a map and locate points, returning to base as quickly as possible.
- **c** Pupils will develop their understanding of what makes an effective team and understand how important teamwork is when orienteering.
- **s** Pupils will develop life skills such as respect and communication as they collaborate with their team to successfully complete the orienteering challenges.
- **W** Pupils will develop their ability to remain positive and try their best in every challenge. Pupils will begin to show leadership attributes.



## **66** Vocabulary for Learning

**Navigate:** means to find a way through a planned course often by using a map.

**Teamwork:** Teamwork is the combined effort of a group to achieve a goal or complete a task in the most effective and efficient way.

**Strategy:** is a planned set of actions that are used by a team or individual to achieve a long-term goal. We plan a strategy and then use specific tactics to help us achieve our goal.

**Tactics:** Tactics are a carefully planned set of actions that are used by a team or an individual to attaining a certain goal.

**Communication:** Is the method of transferring information from one person or a group to another. Types of communication include: verbal, nonverbal, written and visual.



#### **Sport Specific Vocabulary**

**Orienteering:** is a sport that requires navigational skills using a map and/or a compass to navigate from various points.

**Symbol:** Symbols are small images marked on a map that have been designed to look like what it represents. Map symbols are conventional signs as can be understood by everyone.

